# SPHERLSanal Modular User Guide

## About SPHERLSanal Modular

Welcome to SPHERLSAnal modular edition! This software is a version of SPHERLSAnal that has been refactored so that every process is now a module that can be run independently. This software is also independent of the complete SPHERLS installation, and in principle, can be run on any Unix like system with a C++ compiler. The goal of this refactoring was to make the process of data analysis more accessible and flexible, and also to increase the portability of this sofware across different systems.

\*Note: Because this software was designed to be independent of a full SPHERLS installation, it is stand-alone and incompatible with a full SPHERLS installation. If you wish to use this alongside SPHERLS, it should be installed into a separate directory. Attempting to merge these two programs will likely break them, as they use different directory structures.

## Installing SPHERLSanal Modular on unix based systems

The SPHERLSanal Modular configure script requires pip (the python package manager) and cmake to build and install python dependencies. Before running, install pip and cmake using your package manager.

On Debian based distributions of Linux (like Ubuntu), run the command:

sudo apt install python3-pip cmake

If this doesn’t work, try first running:

sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade

Or try replacing apt with apt-get

On arch based distributions of Linux (like Manjaro), run the command:

sudo pacman -S python-pip cmake

If this doesn’t work, try first running:

sudo pacman -Syu

On Mac OS, run the following commands to install pip:

sudo easy\_install pip

sudo pip install --upgrade-pip

To install cmake on MacOS, you have a couple options.

1. Install the homebrew package manager to install cmake (easiest):

* Install homebrew with the command (All one line):

ruby -e "$(curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/master/install)" < /dev/null 2> /dev/null

* Then run the command:

brew install cmake

1. Build from Source (follow these instructions: [https://cmake.org/install/)](https://cmake.org/install/)

In order to install SPHERLSanal Modular, move the SPHERLSanal-modular.tar file to a folder where you would like to install SPHERLSanal Modular (it can be anywhere, but a folder in your home directory is probably a good spot!). Then extract the tar file using the following command (or a file manager of your choice):

tar -xvf SPHERLSanal-modular.tar

Once it is extracted, run the commands:

./configure

make install

The first command will run the configure script, which will add the bin folder to your path by appending a command to ~/.profile file. If you set your path in a different login profile (such as ~/.bash\_profile) give the path of the login profile you wish to update as an argument to the install script. If no argument is given, the script will append to ~/.profile. The configure script also ensures that cmake, pip and g++ are installed, then builds and installs all python dependencies. The second command will build all modules from source code and place the executables in a folder called *bin*.

After running the install script for the first time, make sure to source your profile file so that the PATH variable gets updated. To do this you should run the command:

source ~/.profile

## Installing SPHERLSanal Modular on Windows

Currently, the installer does not support windows. You will need to manually build the program from source code. This can be done by using a windows utility such as GnuWin to run the makefile. Then you must manually install the python dependencies with pip (they can be found in scripts/configure.sh) , and then add the bin folder to your system path. I have not tested this yet, but in principal it should work. I highly recommend using a unix based system to run this software, but in principal everything should work on windows.

## The Root Install Directory

In order to operate, SPHERLSanal needs a few different kinds of files. In order to keep the folder where you are working clean, the files that SPHERLSanal uses are kept in separate folders in the install directory.

* **src, include:** These folders contain all of the source code for SPHERLSanal. If you need to add functionality or change the way the program operates, these are the files you need to edit. The .cpp files are kept in src and the header files are kept in include. If you do so, you will need to run the terminal command “make all” in the root install directory to rebuild the source code.
* **bin:** This folder contains the SPHERLSanal module binaries (not to be confused with the binary output files from SPHERLS which contain data from a run). These are the executable programs that are run to process data from SPHERLS output files. It was added to the system path when running the install script so that these programs can be run from anywhere on your system.
* **eos:** This folder contains equation of state files that are used when analysing the data from a binary file. You can keep eos files in another directory if you wish. But if a full path isn’t given for an eos file SPHERLSanal will assume your eos files are kept here.
* **data:** This is a folder to store binary output files and plots.
* **doc:** This folder contains all of the documentation and guides for using SPHERLSanal Modular
* **config:** This folder contains all of the XML configuration files. These files are used for things such as specifying how plots should be formatted. You will likely need to write your own XML files, and when you do, they should be kept in this folder. SPHERLSanal ships with default XML files that will be used if one is not specified.If you wish to use XML files from a different directory, give a path to the file as an argument to the script you are running.
* **scripts:** This folder contains all of the python and bash scripts which are used for plotting and analysing SPHERLS data. These are usually the programs that read the XML configuration files in the config directory.
* **makefile:** This file contains all the instructions for installing and building SPHERLSanal modular from source code. If you add any source files, you will need to edit this to ensure they compile.

## Making a Radial Profile Plot from Combined Binary Files

In order to make a radial profile plot, you will use the mkRadPro program and the plot\_profiles.py script. The binary files you are using must have already been combined using the combine\_bins.py script. The first step is to put the radial profile data into a readable format using the mkRadPro program:

1. Ensure that the SPHERLSanal bin folder is included in your path. You can use the command: echo $PATH Doing this will print your path to the terminal. You should see the path to the bin folder in the root install directory show up.
2. Change directory to the folder where the SPHERLS combined binary data files are stored (using the cd command).
3. Now its time to run the mkRadPro program (which stands for makeRadialProfile). This program needs to know what files to run on, the name of the eos file for the run (if it isn’t specified in the binary file), and whether or not to include extra info in the profile files. It is used as follows:

mkRadPro [options] <baseFileName[range]> <eosFile>

* To include extra info, use the -e option
* To specify what files to operate on, write the base file name, and then the numerical range of runs (inclusive) in square brackets. Any leading zeros (and/or common digits) must be taken outside of the square brackets. So for example, if you want to process the following files:
* RRLHighV\_t01234783
* RRLHighV\_t01234800
* RRLHighV\_t01234900
* RRLHighV\_t01235923

You would run the command: mkRadPro RRLHighV\_t0123[4783-5923]

This will iterate through every possible file in range, and attempt to create a radial profile from any file in that range that exists.

*\*Note:* This program can only run on a range of files that have the same number of leading 0’s. If the range of files you need to operate on spans more than one order of magnitude, the program should be run twice to cover the entire range.

* If the eosFile is in the eos directory, simply write the name of the file. If you wish to use an eos file in the current directory, write ./<filename>, if the eos file is somewhere else on your system, write an absolute path to its location.
* Once the program finishes, there should be a <basefilename>\_pro.txt file in the directory for each file that it processed successfully.

1. Now that the radial profiles are in a readable format, they can be plotted using the plot\_profiles.py python script. In the folder where the radial profile files are located, run the plot\_profiles.py script in the following format:

plot\_profiles.py <XMLconfigurationFile>

You will likely need to write your own XML configuration file in order to build the plot. A sample XML file is included which will plot any profile file in the directory where the script is executed. To build your own file, consult the documentation in the file plot\_profiles\_default.xml in the config directory.